

# **PMW/A 170**

# COMMUNICATIONS & GPS NAVIGATION PROGRAM OFFICE

## WHO WE ARE

As the Navy's Communications and GPS Navigation Program Office, PMW/A 170's mission is to be the premier provider of advanced, resilient, and adaptive communication and assured position, navigation, and timing capabilities, delivering operational dominance across all domains.

### **FOCUS AREAS**

#### SATCOM

NMT: SLEMOD approach is ongoing due to increased Fleet demand; Implementing SATCOM resiliency foundation and posture to pace the threat

STtNG: Ongoing coordination with Numbered Fleet Commanders and Type Commanders to rapidly test and field systems providing connectivity to LEO, MEO, and GEO to provide band and vendor diversity

#### **TACCOMS**

DMR: Major efforts underway to align Cryptographic Modernization Updates (IW, TRANSEC, MUOS, SATURN, SINCGARS); and Supporting SATCOM resiliency via a SMRC

NTCDL: Achieved Milestone C in Oct 2024 authorizing NTCDL to enter P&D Phase; IOC for production units planned 2025

#### PNT Family of Systems

GPNTS: Actively addressing Fleet obsolescence issues and providing path to M-Code; leveraging MOSA for rapid integration of new PNT sensors while enhancing SW algorithms to pace the threat

GPS Modernization: Leveraging USAF developed modernized GPS Receivers to improve performance on air platforms in contested environments

# **TOP PROGRAMS**

#### Navy Multiband Terminal (NMT) (ACAT IC)

NMT is the Navy's sole protected SATCOM terminal providing critical secure, protected, survivable, and interoperable military satellite communications enabling protected and wideband satellite communications. Enables RC3 initiatives, supports the President's Ballistic Missile Defense priorities, and the Navy Strategic Plan. Provides simultaneous access to existing (AEHF, WGS, MILSTAR, DSCS, EPS) and future constellations (EPS-R, ESS, PTS) with enhanced capabilities, increased throughput and bandwidth, and new waveforms. NMT includes variants that support four international partners: United Kingdom, Canada, Australia, and the Netherlands.

#### Network Tactical Common Data Link (NTCDL) (ACAT II)

NTCDL is the Navy's next generation tactical common data link system that provides multi-link, end-to-end, networked Navy CDL mission capability. Supports CDL waveform, to include currently fielded USN aircraft (legacy Standard Navy CDL Rev. F), and future Bandwidth Efficient CDL waveforms being integrated in planned USN air platforms (MQ-25, MH-60R/S, P-8A, MQ-4C). NTCDL provides LOS links using Ku-band Phased Array Antennas.

#### Commercial Broadband Satellite Program (CBSP) (ACAT III)

CBSP is the Navy's commercial SATCOM program of record for both Geostationary and NGSO communications. It provides the sole source of wideband SATCOM to Mine Countermeasure ships and is a diverse communication solution on ULV and FLV surface ships. The associated architectures significantly increase data throughput, Navy SATCOM resiliency posture, SATCOM reliability, and space resiliency by providing band diversity, assured access, and redundancy for MILSATCOM. CBSP recently added STtNG as an engineering change under CBSP to incorporate NGSO communications into the portfolio. STtNG is a militarized terminal and common interface system providing access to NGSO PLEO/MEO/HEO constellations for a simultaneous multiband failover capability to MIL/COMSATCOM.

#### Digital Modular Radio (DMR) (ACAT III)

DMR is providing UHF and VHF LOS, HF, BLOS, and UHF SATCOM C4I capabilities to the Fleet. The program is built around open systems architectures that allows common software waveform applications and cryptographic algorithms to be implemented across the entire inventory. Designed to support communication readiness and mission success by providing military commanders with the ability to command, control, and communicate with their forces via voice and data during all aspects of military operations.

#### **Battle Force Tactical Network (BFTN) (ACAT III)**

BFTN enables LOS and BLOS IP data connectivity for ships and submarines via HF and UHF RF spectrum at data rates of up to 19.2Kbps (HF) and 64Kbps (UHF). UHF/HF network supported with Subnet Relay (SNR) and High Frequency Internet Protocol (HFIP) subsystems, respectively. Provides non-SATCOM IP-based transport capabilities to Navy Fleet and select Allies.

#### GPS-Based Positioning, Navigation and Timing Service (GPNTS) (ACAT II)

GPNTS is the Navy's current and modernized surface PNT data fusion and distribution system. It provides mission critical real-time, assured PNT data services for weapons, combat, navigation, and other C4I systems. GPNTS is the Navy's lead platform for GPS M-Code integration.

#### **GPS Modernization (GPS Mod) (Project)**

GPS Mod addresses the Navy's future integration of Air Force developed M-Code capable GPS receivers. Provides Naval aviation platforms improved access to GPS signals in contested environments.



**ATCS** 

**iRCS** 

**TVS** 

**PNT** 

**DAGR** 

**GPNTS** 

**GPS Mod** 

**NAVSSI** 

**SMRC** 

HFRG/HF Legacy

**UHF Mini-Dama** 

Air Navigation

Air NAVWAR

AN/WRN-6(V)

Sea NAVWAR

## FULL DIVISION/PROGRAM LIST

**SATCOM Satellite Communications** ATIP Advanced Time Division Multiple Access Interface Processor **CBSP** Commercial Broadband Satellite Program

**NESP** Navy EHF SATCOM Program **NMT** Navy Multiband Terminal **NSLC-A** Navy Senior Leadership Communications - Aircraft

**STtNG** Satellite Terminal (transportable) Non-

Geostationary

TV-DTS Television Direct-to-Sailors

Wideband Anti-Jam Modem System WAMS

**Mission TACSIT Mission Tactical Situation** 

CDLS/CDLS-TR **CSEL ESRP** Environmental Satellite Receiver Processor (Afloat/Ashore) (Afloat/Ashore) **GBS** 

**PRP SMT**  **TACCOMS Tactical Communications** 

**Amphib Comms** Amphibious Communications (includes EPLRS-DR, HFSAR, LFI, MFT,

SINCGARS, and Triband)

**Amphibious Tactical Communications** 

System

**BFTN Battle Force Tactical Network DMR** 

Digital Modular Radio

HF Radio Group and HF Legacy Integrated Radio Communications Suite

Scalable Modular Radio Cluster

Tactical Variant Switch

Ultra High Frequency Legacy and Miniaturized Assigned Multiple Access

Communications Data Link System/CDLS Technical Refresh Combat Survivor Evader Locator Global Broadcast Service

Network Tactical Common Data Link

Portable Radios Program Spectrum Multiband Transition Positioning, Navigation, and Timing

Air Navigation Air Navigation Warfare

Satellite Signals Navigation Set Defense Advanced GPS Receiver

**GPS-Based PNT Service GPS Modernization** 

Navigation Sensor System Interface

Sea Navigation Warfare

# ADDITIONAL ACRONYMS

NTCDL

**BLOS** Modular Open Systems Architecture Beyond Line-of-Site **MOSA** C4I Command, Control, Communication, **MUOS** Mobile User Objective System

Computers, and Intelligence **NGSO** Non-Geostationary CDL Common Data Link

P&D **Production and Deployment** Commercial Satellite Communications **COMSATCOM** Proliferated Low Earth Orbit **PLEO FLV** Force Level Variant

Resilient Command, Control, and RC3 **GEO** Geostationary

Communications **HEO** High Earth Orbit RF Radio Frequency

**HFIP** High Frequency Internet Protocol **SATURN** Second generation Anti-Jam Tactical

**UHF Radio for NATO** IOC Initial Operating Capability **SINCGARS** Single Channel Ground and Airborne

IΡ Internet Protocol Radio System **SLEMOD** Service Life Extension & Modernization

IW Information Warfare **SNR** Subnet Relay

**LEO** Low Earth Orbit SW Software Line-of-Sight

LOS **UHF** Ultra High Frequency Military Code M-Code ULV **Unit Level Variant MEO** Medium Earth Orbit

**VHF** Very High Frequency **MILSATCOM** Military Satellite Communications